

# BOARD OF REGENTS BRIEFING PAPER

## 1. AGENDA ITEM TITLE: CODE AMENDMENTS, POLICY ON UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT; COMPLAINT PROCEDURES.

**MEETING DATE:** March 6-7, 2025

## 2. BACKGROUND & POLICY CONTEXT OF ISSUE:

On January 31, 2025, the Board approved policy revisions to Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14 to bring NSHE's Unlawful Discrimination and Sexual Harassment policy and complaint Procedures into compliance with the U.S. Department of Education's 2020 Title IX Regulations as a result of the vacatur of the 2024 Title IX regulations. At the same time, the Board approved conforming revisions to Title 2, Chapters 6 and 10 of the Code, pertaining to Rules and Disciplinary Procedures for Faculty Except DRI and Rules and Disciplinary Procedures for Students, respectively, on a temporary and emergency 120-day basis pursuant to Title 2, Chapter 1, Section 1.3.3(b). The temporary and emergency amendments expire May 31, 2025.

The code amendments are now being brought back to the Board to be permanently codified pursuant to Title 2, Chapter 1, Section 1.3.3(a), which provides that "[a]t least 30 calendar days before consideration by the Board, proposed amendments shall be circulated to the *Chancellor, each System institution President and each senate for review and comment.*" This policy proposal was circulated to the named stakeholders on February 4, 2025. As such, this policy proposal is before the Board for final action.

## 3. SPECIFIC ACTIONS BEING RECOMMENDED OR REQUESTED:

NSHE Senior Associate General Counsel Lynda King presents for approval amendments to Title 2, Chapters 6 and 10 of the NSHE Code. The proposed amendments are currently in effect on a temporary and emergency basis. The amendments conform to revisions to Board policy (Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14) necessary to comply with the vacatur of the U.S. Department of Education's 2024 Title IX regulations.

## 4. IMPETUS (WHY NOW?):

The Code amendments are in effect on a temporary and emergency basis and will expire on May 31, 2025. These amendments provide the corollary disciplinary Code provisions to NSHE's Unlawful Discrimination and Harassment policy and complaint procedures (Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14).

## 5. CHECK THE NSHE STRATEGIC PLAN GOAL THAT IS SUPPORTED BY THIS REQUEST:

- Access (Increase access to higher education)
  - Success (Improve student success)
  - Close Institutional Performance Gaps
  - Workforce (Meet workforce needs in Nevada)
  - Research (Increase solutions-focused research)
  - Coordination, Accountability, and Transparency (Ensure system coordination, accountability, and transparency)
- Not Applicable to NSHE Strategic Plan Goals

## 6. INDICATE HOW THE PROPOSAL SUPPORTS THE SPECIFIC STRATEGIC PLAN GOAL

The Code amendments align with the revisions to the NSHE policy and complaint procedures which incorporate the 2020 Title IX regulations. Title IX provides that "No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." The proposed amendments will help increase participation and student success in post-secondary education by reducing discrimination/harassment and providing prompt and fair remedies to those who have been the subject of discrimination/harassment.

## 7. BULLET POINTS TO SUPPORT REQUEST/RECOMMENDATION:

- The proposed amendments align with the NSHE policy and complaint procedures which were amended in January 2025 to conform with the 2020 Title IX regulations.

- NSHE must comply with the Title IX regulations which carry the force and effect of law.

**8. POTENTIAL ARGUMENTS AGAINST THE REQUEST/RECOMMENDATION:**

None identified.

**9. ALTERNATIVE(S) TO WHAT IS BEING REQUESTED/RECOMMENDED:**

None identified/brought forward.

**10. RECOMMENDATION FROM THE CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE:**

The Chancellor's Office supports the amendments as presented herein.

**11. COMPLIANCE WITH BOARD POLICY:**

Consistent With Current Board Policy: Title # 2 Chapter # 1 Section # 1.3.3(a)

Amends Current Board Policy: Title 2, Chapter 6  
Title 2, Chapter 10

Amends Current Procedures & Guidelines Manual: Chapter # \_\_\_\_\_ Section # \_\_\_\_\_

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Fiscal Impact: Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No X \_\_\_\_\_

Explain:

# POLICY PROPOSAL - *HANDBOOK*

## TITLE 2, CHAPTER 6

### Rules and Disciplinary Procedures for Faculty Except DRI

Additions appear in *boldface italics*; deletions are ~~stricken~~ and bracketed]

#### Section 6.1 Scope of the Chapter

- 6.1.1 Applicability of Procedures and Sanctions.** The procedures and sanctions established in this chapter are applicable to the resolution and determination of charges against faculty of the Nevada System of Higher Education for allegedly engaging in conduct prohibited by the Nevada System of Higher Education Code or by other applicable stated policies, procedures, rules, regulations or bylaws of the System institutions.

\*(DRI--see Title 2, Chapter 8)

Complaints alleging discrimination, *including sexual harassment*, that do not constitute ~~sexual~~-based] harassment under Title IX [~~involving a student as either a complainant or respondent~~] are subject to the complaint and investigation procedures set forth in Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(~~C~~)(~~2~~) of the NSHE *Handbook*. The hearing procedures and sanctions established in this Chapter 6, exclusive of Section 6.20, are applicable to the resolution and determination of such complaints.

~~[Complaint, investigation, hearing and sanctions p]~~ **Procedures** required for complaints of ~~sexual~~-based] harassment under Title IX [~~involving a student as either a complainant or respondent~~] including, allegations of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, are set forth in Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)(~~6~~) of the NSHE *Handbook* and cross-referenced below at Section 6.20. In the event allegations of misconduct include allegations of Title IX ~~sexual~~-based] harassment [~~involving a student as either a complainant or respondent,~~] as well as allegations of other misconduct, all the allegations will be handled in accordance with the provisions of Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)(~~6~~) of the NSHE *Handbook* and cross-referenced below at Section 6.20.

- 6.1.2 Proceedings Concurrent.** Action under the procedures established by this chapter shall go forward regardless of other possible or pending administrative, civil or criminal proceedings arising out of the same or other events.
- 6.1.3 Computation of Time.** In computing any period of time prescribed by this Chapter, the day of the act, event or default from which a designated period of time begins to run shall not be included. The last day of the time period shall be counted, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or legal State holiday, in which case the time period runs until the end of the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal State holiday.

#### Section 6.2 Cause

- 6.2.1 Prohibited Activity.** The following conduct, being incompatible with the purposes of an academic community, is prohibited for all members of the faculty of the System, shall constitute cause for discipline and may lead to the procedures and

disciplinary sanctions established in this Chapter of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code.

- (a) Failure to perform the duties for which the faculty member is employed.
- (b) Failure to maintain a required level of performance as provided in Section 5.12 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code.
- (c) Incompetence or inefficiency in performing the duties for which the faculty member is employed.
- (d) Insubordination.
- (e) Falsification of employment applications or documents submitted to the System, its member institutions or its special units, or making other false or fraudulent representations in securing employment.
- (f) Dishonesty.
- (g) Conviction of any criminal act involving moral turpitude.
- (h) Being under the influence of intoxicants, or, without a valid medical excuse, being under the influence of controlled substances as defined in the *Nevada Revised Statutes*, while on duty, due consideration being given to NRS 284.379.
- (i) Unauthorized absence from duty or abuse of leave privileges.
- (j) Personal or professional conduct which shows that the faculty member is unfit to remain in the faculty member's employment position or which has an ascertainable harmful or adverse effect on the efficiency of the faculty member's administrative unit.
- (k) Commission of any of the acts specified in Subsection 2.1.4 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code;
- (l) The use of, or threat to use, force or violence against any member or guest of the System community, except when lawfully permissible;
- (m) Interference by force, threat or duress with the lawful freedom of movement of persons or vehicles on the premises of the System;
- (n) The intentional disruption or unauthorized interruption of functions of the System, including but not limited to classes, convocations, lectures, meetings, recruiting interviews and social events, on or off premises of the System;
- (o) Willful damage, destruction, defacement, theft or misappropriation of equipment or property belonging to, in the possession of or on premises occupied by, the System;
- (p) Knowing possession on any premises of the System of any firearms, explosives, dangerous chemicals or other instruments of destruction, or other dangerous weapons as defined by the laws of the State of Nevada, without the written authorization of the president of any System institution or the president's authorized agent, unless such possession reasonably relates to duly recognized System functions by appropriate members of the faculty, other employees or students;
- (q) Continued occupation of buildings, structures, grounds or premises belonging to, or occupied by, the System after having been ordered to leave by the president of a System institution or the president's designee;
- (r) Forgery, alteration, falsification or destruction of System documents or furnishing false information in documents submitted to the Nevada System of Higher Education;
- (s) Making an accusation which is intentionally false or is made with reckless disregard for the truth against any member of the System community by

- filing a complaint or charges under this Nevada System of Higher Education Code or under any applicable established grievance procedures in the System;
- (t) The repeated use of obscene or abusive language in a classroom or public meeting of the System where such usage is beyond the bounds of generally accepted good taste and which, if occurring in a class, is not significantly related to the teaching of the subject matter;
  - (u) Disorderly, lewd or indecent conduct occurring on System premises or at a System sponsored function on or off such premises;
  - (v) The use of threats of violence against a faculty member or the faculty member's family in order to secure preferential treatment for grades, loans, employment or other service or privilege accorded by the System;
  - (w) Acts of academic dishonesty, including but not limited to cheating, plagiarism, falsifying research data or results, or assisting others to do the same;
  - (x) Willfully destroying, damaging, tampering, altering, stealing, misappropriating, or using without permission any system, program or file of the Nevada System of Higher Education;
  - (y) Acts of hazing. Hazing is defined as any method of initiation into or affiliation with the university or community college community, a student organization, a sports team, an academic association, or other group engaged in by an individual that intentionally or recklessly endangers another individual;
  - (z) Any other conduct which violates applicable stated prohibitions, policies, procedures, rules, regulations or bylaws of the Board of Regents or a System institution;
  - (aa) Any act prohibited by local, state, or federal law which occurs on System premises or at a System sponsored function on or off such premises; and
  - (bb) Willful incitement of persons to commit any of the acts herein prohibited.
  - (cc) Use, possession, manufacturing, or distribution (hereinafter "use") of marijuana, including for medical purposes; heroin; narcotics; or other controlled substances; use or possession of any illegal and/or unauthorized drugs, prescription drugs, and drug paraphernalia or being under the influence of illegal drugs except as expressly permitted by law. Use, possession or cultivation of marijuana, including for medical purposes, on any NSHE or NSHE foundation owned or leased property, or at any NSHE sponsored or authorized activity, is expressly prohibited.
  - (dd) Any act of unlawful discrimination based on race (including hair texture and protected hairstyles such as natural hairstyles, afros, bantu knots, curls, braids, locks and twists), creed, color, gender (including pregnancy related conditions), age, disability whether actual or perceived by others, military status or military obligations, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, genetic information, religion or national origin or any act of employment or educational retaliation against any person who has made a complaint about such discrimination;
  - (ee) Non-Title IX "Sexual harassment" means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:
    1. An employee of a NSHE institution conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the institution on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;

2. Unwelcome conduct on the basis of sex that is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the institution's education program or activity; or
3. Sexual assault, as defined by the Clery Act, 34 C.F.R. § 668.46(a), as amended by the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, including but not limited to dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. For the purposes of this definition, "education program or activity" includes locations, events, or circumstances over which an institution exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs, and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by an institution, which may include but is not limited to recognized fraternity, sorority, or student organizations. This definition does not apply to persons outside the United States.
  - a. For the purposes of this definition, "sexual assault" means an offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program.
  - b. "Rape" means penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
  - c. "Fondling" means the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
  - d. "Incest" means sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
  - e. "Statutory rape" means sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent (16 years old).
  - f. "Dating violence" means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
  - g. "Domestic violence" means felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family

violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

h. "Stalking" means engaging in a course of conduct on the basis of sex directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.

(ff) Non-Title IX Dating Violence. Dating Violence is an act committed by a person who is or has been in a "dating relationship" with the victim:

1. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. "Dating relationship" means frequent, intimate associations primarily characterized by the expectation of affection or sexual involvement. The term does not include a casual relationship or an ordinary association between persons in a business or social context; and

2. For the purpose of this definition:

Dating violence is committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the reporting party.

Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, mental, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.

Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

For the purpose of complying with the requirements of this Section and 34 CFR 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purpose of Clery Act reporting.

(gg) Non-Title IX Domestic Violence. Domestic Violence is an act that includes but is not limited to violence which occurs when a person commits one of the following acts against or upon the person's spouse or former spouse, any other person to whom the person is related by blood or marriage, any other person with whom the person is or was actually residing, any other person with whom the person has had or is having a dating relationship, any other person with whom the person has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons, the person's minor child or any other person who has been appointed the custodian or legal guardian for the person's minor child:

1. A battery.
2. An assault.
3. Compelling the other person by force or threat of force to perform an act from which the other person has the right to refrain or to refrain from an act which the other person has the right to perform.
4. A sexual assault.
5. A knowing, purposeful or reckless course of conduct intended to harass the other person. Such conduct may include, but is not limited to:
  - a. Stalking.
  - b. Arson.

- c. Trespassing.
  - d. Larceny.
  - e. Destruction of private property.
  - f. Carrying a concealed weapon without a permit.
  - g. Injuring or killing an animal.
6. A false imprisonment.
7. Unlawful entry of the other person's residence, or forcible entry against the other person's will if there is a reasonably foreseeable risk of harm to the other person from the entry.
- (hh) Non-Title IX Stalking. Stalking is defined to be when a person who, without lawful authority, willfully or maliciously engages in a course of conduct that would cause a reasonable person to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, harassed or fearful for the immediate safety of a family or household member, and that actually causes the victim to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, harassed or fearful for the immediate safety of a family or household member. Stalking includes but is not limited to:
- 1. Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:
    - a. Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
    - b. Suffer substantial emotional distress.
  - 2. For the purpose of this definition:
    - a. Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.
    - b. Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
    - c. Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim
- (ii) Non-Title IX Sexual Violence. Sexual violence is a severe form of sexual harassment and refers to physical sexual acts or attempted sexual acts perpetrated against a person's will or where a person is incapable of giving consent, including but not limited to rape, sexual assault, sexual battery, sexual coercion, or similar acts in violation of state or federal law.
- 1. Sexual coercion is:
    - a. The use of violence or threats of violence against a person or the person's family or property;
    - b. Depriving or hindering a person in the use of any tool, implement, or clothing; or
    - c. Attempting to intimidate a person by threats or force,
    - d. When committed with the intent to compel a person to do or abstain from doing an act that the person has the right to do or abstain from doing.

In the context of sexual misconduct, coercion is the use of pressure to compel another individual to initiate or continue



sexual activity against an individual's will. Coercion can include a wide range of behaviors, including intimidation, manipulation, threats, and blackmail. A person's words or conduct are sufficient to constitute coercion if they impair another individual's freedom of will and ability to choose whether or not to engage in sexual activity. Examples of coercion include threatening to "out" someone based on sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression, and threatening to harm oneself if the other party does not engage in the sexual activity.

- (jj) Title IX ~~Sexual[-based]~~ Harassment. "~~Sexual[-based]~~ harassment" form of sex discrimination and means **conduct** ~~[sexual harassment and other harassment]~~ on the basis of sex, ~~[including on the basis of sex stereotypes, sex characteristics, pregnancy or related conditions, sexual orientation, and gender identity]~~ that **satisfies one or more of the following**:
- a. **An employee of an NSHE institution conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the institution on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;**
  - b. **Unwelcome conduct on the basis of sex that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the institution's education program or activity; or**
  - c. **Sexual assault, as defined by the Clery Act, 34 C.F.R. § 668.46(a), as amended by the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, including but not limited to dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. For the purposes of this definition, "education program or activity" includes locations, events, or circumstances over which an institution exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs, and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by an institution, which may include but is not limited to recognized fraternity, sorority, or student organizations. This definition does not apply to persons outside the United States.**
    - i. **For the purposes of this definition, "sexual assault" means an offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program.**
    - ii. **"Rape" means penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.**
    - iii. **"Fondling" means the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of**

*sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.*

- iv. *“Incest” means sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.*
- v. *“Statutory rape” means sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent (16 years old).*
- vi. *“Dating violence” means violence committed by a person—who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.*
- vii. *“Domestic violence” means felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.*
- viii. *“Stalking” means engaging in a course of conduct on the basis of sex directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.*

[is:

- ~~i. Quid pro quo harassment. An employee, agent, or other person authorized by an institution to provide an aid, benefit or service under an education program or activity conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the institution on an individual’s participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;~~
- ~~ii. Hostile environment harassment. Unwelcome conduct on the basis of sex that, based on the totality of the circumstances, is subjectively and objectively offensive and, is so severe or pervasive that it limits or denies a person’s ability to participate in or benefit from the institution’s education program or activity (i.e., creates a hostile environment). Whether a hostile environment has been created is a fact-specific inquiry that includes consideration of the following: (i) the degree to which the conduct affected the~~

~~complainant's ability to access the institution's education program or activity; (ii) the type, frequency, and duration of the conduct; (iii) the parties' ages, roles within the institution's education program or activity, previous interactions, and other factors about each party that may be relevant to evaluating the effects of the conduct; (iv) the location of the conduct and the context in which the conduct occurred; and (v) other sex-based harassment in the institution's education program or activity; or~~

- ~~iii. Specific offenses. Sexual assault, as defined by the Clery Act, 34 C.F.R. § 668.46(a), as amended by the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, including but not limited to dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking.~~

~~For the purposes of this definition, "sexual assault" means a forcible or nonforcible sex offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program.~~

~~"Rape" means penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.~~

~~"Fondling" means the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.~~

~~"Incest" means sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.~~

~~"Statutory rape" means sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent (16 years old).~~

~~"Dating violence" means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.~~

~~"Domestic violence" means felony or misdemeanor crimes committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.~~

~~"Stalking" means engaging in a course of conduct on the basis of sex directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.]"~~

- 6.2.2 Mental or Physical Incapacity.** The inability or incapacity to perform the duties for which the faculty member is employed due to mental or physical reasons may lead to suspension or termination of employment as provided in Subsections

6.3.6(b) and 6.3.7(b) of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, due consideration being given to the provisions of NRS 284.379.

### **6.2.3 Sexual Harassment.**

- (a) The Board of Regents deems Title IX ~~sexual~~~~-based~~ harassment and Non-Title IX sexual harassment of students and employees unacceptable and prohibited. The Board of Regents' policy against sexual ~~and sex-based~~ harassment is set forth in Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14.
1. Because of the particularly offensive and degrading nature of sexual harassment, the danger of academic or employment retaliation for accusations of sexual ~~or sex-based~~ harassment and the difficult and tense academic or employment environment which can result while allegations of sexual harassment are investigated or heard, it is the policy of the Board of Regents that, pending the completion of an investigation and/or disciplinary hearing into the allegations of sexual ~~or sex-based~~ harassment, and only to the extent deemed necessary by the facts of each case, contacts between the complainant(s) and the person accused of sexual harassment shall be kept to a minimum or eliminated altogether by physical separation, assignment to other duties or classes or placement on administrative leave.
  2. Such action shall be deemed to be without prejudice to any person involved or determination of the truth or falsity of the allegations.
  3. Any such action shall be taken or maintained in such manner as to afford the least possible disruption to the day-to-day activities of the institution but the ease of reassigning students or employee subordinates in place of instructors or supervisors shall not be a factor in taking such action.
- (b) For complaints that do not include Title IX ~~Sexual~~~~-based~~ Harassment ~~[involving a student as either a complainant or respondent]~~ allegations, an alleged victim of sexual harassment (complainant) and a person against whom a complaint of alleged sexual harassment is filed (respondent) shall be advised at the beginning of the Title 2, Chapter 6 complaint process that they may select an independent advisor for assistance, support, and advice and it shall become their choice to utilize or not utilize the independent advisor. The independent advisor may be brought into the process at any time. The institutional affirmative action officer, Title IX coordinator or the administrative officer shall advise the complainant and respondent of this right. The means and manner by which an independent advisor shall be made available shall be determined by each institution or unit.

In any hearings on a complaint of Non-Title IX sexual harassment, the burden of proof shall be by a preponderance of the evidence (i.e., the evidence establishes that it is more likely than not that the misconduct occurred). In connection with Non-Title IX hearings, the complainant and respondent have equal rights to be interviewed, identify witnesses, provide and receive documentation and witness lists pertaining to the complaint, and to appeal the decision in accordance with Section 6.13. With respect to an institutional disciplinary proceeding alleging Non-Title IX sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking offense, the Clery Act (20 U.S.C. § 1092 (f) requires that the complainant and respondent must be informed of the outcome simultaneously. With the approval of the

administrative officer only, the complainant or respondent may waive all time limits established in this Chapter, except the time limit stated in Subsections 6.10.2 and 6.11.7.

- (c) Interim measures and/or supportive measures, as described in NSHE *Handbook*, Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14, except administrative leave, may be implemented without a hearing. Such measures remain in force throughout the disciplinary process and may be made permanent if they are necessary to prevent the recurrence of sexual [~~or sex-based~~] harassment.

## Section 6.3 Disciplinary Sanctions

The following sanctions are applicable to faculty of the Nevada System of Higher Education for conduct prohibited by Section 6.2 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code. Depending on the seriousness of the misconduct, these sanctions may be imposed in any order.

- 6.3.1** Warning. Notice, oral or written, that continuation or repetition of prohibited conduct may be the cause for more severe disciplinary action.
- 6.3.2** Reprimand. A formal censure or severe reproof administered in writing to a person engaging in prohibited conduct.
- 6.3.3** Restitution. The requirement to reimburse the legal owners for a loss due to defacement, damage, fraud, theft or misappropriation of property. The failure to make restitution shall be the cause for more severe disciplinary action.
- 6.3.4** Reduction in Pay. A reduction in pay may be imposed at any time during the term of an employment contract upon compliance with the procedures established in this chapter.
- 6.3.5** Suspension. Exclusion from assigned duties for one or more workweeks without pay, as set forth in a written notice to the employee. The phrase "workweek" has the meaning ascribed to it in the Fair Labor Standards Act; 29 U.S.C. § 207(a).
- 6.3.6** Termination. Termination of employment for cause. A hearing held under the procedures established in Section 6.11 or 6.20 and other applicable provisions of this chapter shall be required before the employment of an employee may be terminated for cause.

## Section 6.4 Authority of the President

- 6.4.1** Exercise of Authority. The president shall exercise authority in disciplinary actions in accordance with the procedures established in this chapter and other laws and regulations as are applicable.
- 6.4.2** President Has Final Decision-Making Authority. Determinations and findings made within the System institutions are in the nature of recommendations to the president who shall have the final decision making authority, except as otherwise provided in Section 6.20 below or otherwise provided in the Nevada System of Higher Education Code.

- 6.4.3 Designation of Hearing Officers.** The designation of hearing officers and decisions on the challenges of any hearing officer for cause, as provided in this chapter, shall be made by the president or the president's designee.
- 6.4.4 Delegation of Authority.** The functions of the president, as prescribed in this chapter, may be delegated by the president to individual designees who are members of the staff of the System institution and such designees shall exercise these functions in the president's name. All references in the procedures established by this chapter to the president include such designees.

## **Section 6.5 Administrative Leave**

- 6.5.1 President to Order Administrative Leave.** The president of each System institution may order any faculty member to be placed on administrative leave for the interim period pending a disciplinary hearing whenever the president determines that administrative leave is required in order:
- (a) To protect life, limb or property;
  - (b) To ensure the maintenance of order; or
  - (c) To remove a person from the Nevada System of Higher Education community when an act of Title IX or Non-Title IX sexual harassment has been alleged against such person and the accuser or the accused person cannot be assigned to other duties or classes or placed elsewhere in the System institution apart from each other pending the completion of an investigation and/or disciplinary hearing into the allegation.
- 6.5.2 Hearing.** Any person placed on such administrative leave shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing with respect to the issue of the leave. The hearing on the administrative leave will be held no later than ten (10) calendar days of the leave, unless the person placed on leave agrees to delay the hearing to a later time. The hearing shall be held under the hearing procedures established in Section 6.9 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, so far as can be made applicable, and by a general hearing officer as established in Section 6.10 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code. The president's decision upon the hearing officer's recommendation shall be final. The issue shall be limited to whether the continued administrative leave of the individual involved pending the outcome of a disciplinary hearing is warranted.
- 6.5.3 Expulsion from Premises.** Administrative leave under this section will be coupled with a withdrawal of consent by the System for the individual involved to remain on System premises whenever there is reasonable cause to believe that life, limb, property or the maintenance of order are in danger.
- 6.5.4 Administrative Officer's Duties.** The administrative officer, as established in Section 6.7 of the Code, shall be responsible for presenting evidence that the administrative leave, withdrawal of consent to remain on System premises, or both, should be continued.
- 6.5.5 Administrative Leave With Pay.** Administrative leave under this section shall be with pay and other benefits.

## Section 6.6      **Reprimands or Warnings for Conduct Other Than Title IX Sexual[-based] Harassment [Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent]**

Section 6.6 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX Sexual[-based] Harassment Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent]

**6.6.1      Authority of Administrators to Discipline.** Vice presidents, deans, directors and persons in equivalent positions shall have the authority to issue reprimands or warnings (as defined under 6.3.1 and 6.3.2) to faculty members and other professional employees under procedures stated in 6.6 of the NSHE Code. Procedures under 6.6 differ from procedures established in Sections 6.7 to 6.14 of the NSHE Code. Code 6.6 procedures are to be used whenever possible, as an alternative to those in 6.7 to 6.14.

**6.6.2      Right to Notice.** At least fifteen (15) calendar days before issuing a warning or reprimand, a person proposing to issue the warning or reprimand shall notify the person whom it is proposed to so discipline in writing of the charges involved and of the proposed discipline. The notice shall also schedule a meeting between the person charged and the person proposing to issue the warning or reprimand for the purpose of discussing the charges. The notice shall:

- (a) Include all materials and documentation to support the charges;
- (b) Clearly state that it activates the processes set forth in 6.6 of the NSHE Code, and also state the alternatives available under 6.6.3 to the affected person; and
- (c) Advise the affected person of his or her rights according to 6.6.6.

After the person proposing the disciplinary action has sent the notification, ten (10) calendar days must elapse before Section 6.6.3 is implemented, during which time no documentation of the proposed action may be placed in the affected person's personnel file.

**6.6.3      Choice of Response.** The person affected by the proposed disciplinary action shall have:

- (a) The right to mediation as outlined in 6.6.4, or through 6.6.8.
- (b) The right to accept the reprimand or warning, or within ten (10) calendar days after receiving the notification to respond, in writing to the warning or reprimand and to have that response immediately placed in his or her personnel file.
- (c) The right to grieve the warning or reprimand unless mediation is selected. If the affected person elects to grieve the warning or reprimand, mediation may not be used.

Choice of mediation shall delay the filing of any warning or reprimand in the affected person's file until after the mediation proceeding is concluded and a final decision rendered:

**6.6.4      Use of Mediation.** If the person affected by the proposed decision to reprimand or warn chooses to select mediation procedures outlined below, he or she must notify, in writing, the vice president or dean within ten (10) calendar days of receiving notification of the intent to reprimand or warn. The mediator will be selected within fifteen (15) calendar days following request for mediation using a procedure jointly developed by the campus administration and faculty senate. All materials relevant to the proposed disciplinary sanction shall be delivered to the

mediator within five (5) calendar days of the appointment of the mediator. All parties may view all materials deposited with the mediator.

**6.6.5** **Mediation.** The mediator will call a meeting of both parties to facilitate an informal resolution of the matter. Both parties must participate in good faith in the mediation procedures. The meeting will take place within fifteen (15) calendar days after the appointment of the mediator. The mediator shall conduct the meeting with attention to fairness and due process, and shall seek to preserve the rights of all affected parties. The mediator shall have the right to call witnesses if deemed necessary by the mediator.

**6.6.6** **Rights of the Affected Person When Mediation has Been Chosen.** The person shall have:

- (a) The right to access all materials and documents relevant to the proposed disciplinary action at least ten (10) calendar days prior to the meeting with the mediator;
- (b) The right to have a colleague present, and the right to introduce materials in response to the proposed warning or reprimand; and
- (c) The right to appeal any decision to the president.

**6.6.7** **Standard of Evidence.** All decisions must be based on evidence which establishes that it is more likely than not that the respondent has violated the rules of conduct.

**6.6.8** **Decision.** Any agreement reached by the affected person and the administrator through the mediation process shall be placed in the affected person's personnel file. This agreement may not be appealed through any grievance process. If there is not an agreement between the parties, the mediator will submit a written report within fifteen (15) calendar days to the immediate supervisor of the administrator bringing the charges. A copy of the mediator's report shall also be given to the administrator bringing the charges and the affected person. The immediate supervisor must make a decision within ten (10) calendar days about whether the warning or reprimand will be issued. If the decision is to warn or reprimand the affected person the affected person may appeal to the president. The affected person may file a written appeal with the president within fifteen (15) calendar days. The written appeal shall contain the reasons, arguments and documentation supporting the appeal. The president shall reach a decision within a reasonable time after receipt of the written appeal. The president may uphold, modify or reverse the disciplinary sanction. The president's decision shall be final and cannot be grieved.

## **Section 6.7 Administrative Officer**

Section 6.7 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual~~ Harassment ~~[Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.]~~

**6.7.1** **Appointment of Administrative Officer.** The president of each System institution shall appoint, on either an ad hoc or a continuing basis, a person who shall have the authority to perform the duties established for the administrative officer in this chapter. The president may assign either a staff member of the System institution, or alternatively, may engage the services of an attorney who has been a member of the State Bar of Nevada at least five years or who is otherwise qualified by professional experience in administrative law. The person



so assigned to these duties shall serve in this assignment at the pleasure of the president.

It is the intent of the Board that this position shall not be used to create the basis for an on-campus staff attorney appointment that will report directly or indirectly to the institutional president. In order to assure an appropriate separation of responsibilities, the job description of the person appointed as administrative officer must be approved by the executive vice chancellor & chief counsel prior to appointment. The person appointed to perform the duties of administrative officer shall not represent the System institution nor engage in the practice of law on behalf of the System institution, including, but not limited to, the rendering of legal advice or opinions.

- 6.7.2** **Titles.** Although termed the "administrative officer" for the purposes of this chapter, the person selected as administrative officer may use such local, administrative title as the president may determine.
- 6.7.3** **Assistants.** All references in this chapter to the administrative officer shall include other persons who are authorized by the president to assist the administrative officer and to act in the administrative officer's name.
- 6.7.4** **Combined Duties.** The president may combine the duties of the administrative officer with those of any other person employed by the System institution, but may not combine such administrative officer duties with those performed by hearing officers or hearing committee members under the procedures of this chapter.

## **Section 6.8      Decision to Hold Hearings**

Section 6.8 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual~~[~~-based~~] Harassment [~~Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.~~]

- 6.8.1** **Complaints.** Except as may be provided in Section 6.6 or 6.20 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, all complaints alleging conduct prohibited by Section 6.2 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code or by applicable stated prohibitions, policies, procedures, rules, regulations or bylaws of the System institutions shall be filed with the administrative officer. The complaint shall be in writing, shall be signed by the complainant and shall, to the extent reasonably possible, specify the date, time, place, person or persons involved and the circumstances of the alleged prohibited conduct, including the name or names of persons who may have witnessed the alleged prohibited conduct.
- 6.8.2** **Investigation, Informal Resolution or Recommendation for Hearing.**
- (a) The administrative officer shall investigate complaints with the purpose of clarifying the facts and the positions taken by the parties. If the complaint results from findings of a completed investigation under NSHE *Handbook* Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14, that investigation shall be used as part of such investigations under this Section. The administrative officer in their discretion, may also supplement the initial investigation with additional investigation. The investigation shall be completed and a charging letter, if any, issued within sixty (60) calendar days after the receipt of the complaint. At a minimum, the charging letter shall contain the information specified in the Code, Subsection 6.8.1, and shall inform the person

charged that, although there is no requirement or compulsion to do so, a written reply may be submitted.

- (b) The person charged may present a written answer within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of a charging letter.
- (c) If deemed appropriate to do so, the administrative officer, with the approval of the president, may informally resolve the complaint by conciliating with the parties, by permitting the complainant to voluntarily drop the complaint or by permitting the person charged to voluntarily accept disciplinary sanctions.
- (d) Within five (5) calendar days after the administrative officer's receipt of the charged person's written answer to the charging letter, or if the charged person did not answer, then within five (5) calendar days of the date the answer was due, and if the complaint cannot be informally resolved, the administrative officer shall make a recommendation to the president as to whether or not the complaint should proceed to a hearing and, if a hearing is recommended, the administrative officer shall recommend the type of hearing which may be held, as specified in Subsection 6.8.3 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code.
- (e) A hearing shall be held whenever the president accepts the administrative officer's recommendation to that effect or does not accept a contrary recommendation from the administrative officer. The president shall decide the kind of hearing to be held, as authorized in Subsection 6.8.3 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code. The president shall make this decision within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of the administrative officer's recommendation. Within the time period set forth in this paragraph, the president shall inform the administrative officer of the president's decision and, if deciding to hold a hearing under Section 6.9 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, shall also inform the faculty senate chair of the decision. If the hearing is to be held under Section 6.9 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code on a charge or charges of sexual harassment under Subsection 6.2.3 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, the president shall also inform the president of the appropriate student government within the time period set forth in this paragraph if a student or graduate student is involved in the charge as an alleged victim.
- (f) If it is determined by the institution president that the matter should not proceed to a hearing, then unless new evidence, sufficient in the opinion of the president to reopen the case, is subsequently discovered, the complaint shall be dismissed and the disciplinary procedure shall be considered closed. All documents relating to the case shall be deposited with the president's office where they shall be retained for a period of one year, after which time they shall be released to the person charged, if requested by that person, or shall be destroyed unless destroyed sooner pursuant to regulations, policies or procedures established by the System institution.

**6.8.3** **Types of Hearings.** Except as mandated by Subsections 6.3.7(b) and 6.5.2 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, based upon the recommendation of the administrative officer and such other considerations as may be pertinent, the president shall decide whether a disciplinary hearing shall be held:

- (a) By a general hearing officer, in an office hearing as provided in Section 6.10 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code; or
- (b) By a special hearing officer and special hearing committee, as provided in Section 6.11 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code.

**6.8.4 Factors to be Considered.** In making a recommendation or decision to hold a type of hearing, the administrative officer or the president, respectively, may consider as nonbinding factors the wishes of the person charged, the degree of apparent complexity of the facts or issues and the seriousness of the offense.

**6.8.5 Waiver of Hearing.** The person charged may waive a hearing and accept a disciplinary sanction recommended by the administrative officer and approved by the president as provided in Subsection 6.8.2 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code.

## **Section 6.9 Provisions Applicable to Hearings**

Section 6.9 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual[-based]~~ Harassment ~~[Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.]~~

**6.9.1 Applicable Provisions.** The provisions of this section shall be applicable to hearings held pursuant to Sections 6.9 through 6.11 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code for Non-Title IX Conduct.

**6.9.2 Hearing Arrangements.** The administrative officer shall make physical and scheduling arrangements for hearings required by Sections 6.9 through 6.11 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code.

**6.9.3 Notice.**

(a) The person charged must receive, at least ten (10) calendar days before the hearing, written notice from the administrative officer containing:

1. The date, time and place of the hearing;
2. Specification of the misconduct charged by citing the applicable provision of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code or the applicable stated policy, prohibition, procedure, rule, regulation or bylaw of a System institution which has been alleged to have been violated;
3. Specification, to the extent reasonably possible, of the time, place, person or persons involved and the circumstances of the alleged prohibited conduct, including the name or names of persons who may have witnessed the alleged prohibited conduct;
4. Notification that the person charged may be accompanied by an advisor of the charged person's choice, and of the time within which the person charged must inform the administrative officer of the name and address of the advisor, if any, and whether the advisor is an attorney, or else forfeit the right to have an advisor present, as provided in Subsection 6.9.6 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code; and
5. Such other information as the administrative officer may wish to include.

(b) The administrative officer shall be responsible for preparing and delivering notices required by this section. All notices or other documents shall be (1) served by 1<sup>st</sup> class mail, postage prepaid, and by email, if a current email address is available to the institution; or (2) hand delivered. Notice delivered by mail shall be considered delivered when sent, provided that three (3) additional calendar days shall be added to the time period set forth

for minimum notice. A copy of the applicable disciplinary hearing procedures shall accompany each notice.

**6.9.4 Evidence.**

Evidence shall be considered if it possesses reasonably probative value, materiality and relevancy as determined by the hearing officer. No evidence other than that received at the hearing shall be considered in the decision. Upon request, the person charged, the person's advisor, if any, and the administrative officer shall have the right to examine, at least five (5) calendar days prior to the hearing during reasonable business hours, any documentary evidence to be presented at the hearing. The parties shall also have the right to present, challenge or rebut evidence and to question or cross-examine witnesses. The findings and recommendation of the Title IX coordinator pursuant to NSHE *Handbook*, Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14 shall be considered. Formal rules of evidence shall not apply, but irrelevant or unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded.

**6.9.5 Administrative Officer's Duties.**

The administrative officer shall marshal and present the evidence against the person charged.

**6.9.6 Advisors, Attorneys.**

- (a) The person charged may be accompanied by one advisor of the person's choice, who may represent and advise the person and may present the evidence on the person's behalf. The person charged must give written notice of the name and address of the advisor, and whether the advisor is an attorney, to the administrative officer no later than seven (7) calendar days before the time set for the hearing. An advisor will not be permitted at the hearing without such notice.
- (b) Should a person charged advise that the person will be accompanied by an attorney as advisor, the administrative officer shall advise the vice chancellor for legal affairs so that an attorney will be present at the hearing to represent and advise the administrative officer and to present the evidence on behalf of the administrative officer.

**6.9.7 Technical Errors.** Technical departures from or errors in following the procedures established in the Nevada System of Higher Education Code or in any applicable stated prohibition, policy, procedure, rule, regulation or bylaw of a System institution under which disciplinary procedures are being invoked shall not be grounds to withhold disciplinary action unless, in the opinion of the president, the technical departures or errors were such as to have prevented a fair and just determination of the charges.

**6.9.8 Closed Hearings.** The hearing shall be closed unless the person charged requests an open hearing. Only the person charged and one advisor, the administrative officer and one advisor, the person or persons conducting the hearing, a person designated to record a hearing, as may be provided in this chapter, and witnesses while such witnesses are presenting evidence may be present for a closed hearing. When a hearing is held on a charge under Subsection 6.2.1 (dd) through (ii) of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, the hearing shall be closed unless the victim requests an open hearing. When a hearing is held on a charge made under Subsection 6.2.1 (dd) through (ii) of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, the institution's affirmative action or Title IX coordinator may also be present for a closed hearing, and any person who

alleges to be the victim of an act of sexual harassment may have a non-attorney supporter present for a closed hearing during the person's testimony only.

**6.9.9 Consolidated Hearings.**

- (a) When more than one person is charged with prohibited conduct arising out of a single occurrence, or out of multiple occurrences, a single hearing may be held for all of the persons so charged. Such persons may request that their cases be consolidated with others or separated from others. The administrative officer shall make determinations regarding consolidation. All such determinations shall be subject to revision by the general hearing officer, institutional hearing committee or special hearing officer, as the case may be. In the event of such revision, all cases affected shall be rescheduled for hearing.
- (b) The separation of one or more cases from a group of cases previously set for a consolidated hearing shall not be considered to affect the consolidation of the remaining cases in the group.

**6.9.10 Absence of the Person Charged.** If the person charged does not appear, either personally or through an advisor, at a hearing without satisfactory explanation for the absence having been made at the earliest opportunity, or should the person charged leave the hearing before its conclusion, the hearing shall proceed without the person charged and the general hearing officer, institutional hearing committee or the special hearing officer and special hearing committee, as the case may be, shall make findings of fact, recommendations or a report, as the case may be, on the available evidence. The fact that an administrative hearing or a civil or criminal trial for the person charged is pending shall not be considered a satisfactory explanation for absence unless the actual hearing or trial date conflicts with a date for a hearing held under this chapter, or unless it is physically impossible for the person charged, through no fault of that person, to attend a hearing held under this chapter.

**6.9.11 Subpoena.** The president shall issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of persons and the presentation of documents at all hearings established under this chapter upon the request of the person charged or of the administrative officer. Such subpoena authority shall be exercised under the authority conferred by NRS 396.323.

**6.9.12 Waiver or Extension of Time.**

- (a) Matters preliminary to hearings shall be decided, hearings conducted and cases determined under these procedures as quickly as is reasonably feasible, consistent with reasonable notice.
- (b) With the approval of the administrative officer only, a person charged may waive all time limits established in this chapter, except the time limits stated in Subsections 6.10.2 and 6.11.7 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code.
- (c) Extension of time for hearings shall be authorized by general hearing officers, institutional hearing committee chairs or special hearing officers only upon good and compelling reasons. The possibility or pendency of administrative, civil or criminal proceedings against the person charged is not such a good and compelling reason for extension of time unless the hearing or trial of such is scheduled for the same date as a hearing to be held under this chapter, or unless it is physically impossible for the person

charged, through no fault of that person, to attend a hearing to be held under this chapter.

**6.9.13** **Repetition of Hearing.** A hearing may not be held more than once on the basis of any specific complaint after a hearing process has been completed except as may be provided in this chapter.

**6.9.14** **Standard of Proof.** The standard of proof is a preponderance of the evidence in all hearings and any appeals (i.e., the evidence establishes that it is more likely than not that the misconduct occurred).

## **Section 6.10 General Hearing Officer**

Section 6.10 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual~~[~~-based~~] Harassment [~~Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.~~]

**6.10.1** **Appointment.** The president shall designate one or more general hearing officers who shall serve for terms as determined by the president.

**6.10.2** **Office Hearings by a General Hearing Officer.** Office hearings by a general hearing officer shall be informal in nature and subject to such procedures as the president may determine. A hearing shall be held and a recommendation made to the president as soon as is reasonably possible, but no later than one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the filing of the complaint with the administrative officer. Upon agreement of the administrative officer and the person charged, an additional ninety (90) calendar day extension shall be granted by the general hearing officer if the person charged has the right under the Older Workers Benefits Protection Act to a time period for consideration or cancellation of a proposed settlement agreement. When a hearing is held on a charge made under Subsection 6.2.1 (dd) through (ii) of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, the time cannot be extended unless the victim consents, or if the victim is not participating in the proceedings, best efforts have been made to obtain the consent of the victim.

**6.10.3** **Findings and Recommendations.** Findings of fact and recommendations of the general hearing officer shall be made in writing to the president within a reasonable time after the close of the hearing with copies to the person charged and to the administrative officer. The full range of sanctions established by Section 6.3 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code is available, except as may be limited therein.

## **Section 6.11 Special Hearing Officer and Special Hearing Committee**

Section 6.11 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual~~[~~-based~~] Harassment [~~Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.~~]

**6.11.1** **Appointment of Special Hearing Officer.**

(a) Within five (5) calendar days after making a decision to hold a hearing before a special hearing officer and a special hearing committee, the president shall select a special hearing officer and, within the time period

set forth in this paragraph, shall inform the person charged and the administrative officer of the identity of the special hearing officer.

- (b) Special hearing officers shall be attorneys who have been members of the State Bar of Nevada for at least five (5) years or who are otherwise qualified by professional experience in presiding at judicial or quasi-judicial adversary proceedings. They will not hold any employment or other contractual relationship with any System institution during the period of their service.
- (c) A special hearing officer may be challenged for cause as set forth in Section 6.11.6, but no peremptory challenge shall be allowed.

**6.11.2 Duties of the Special Hearing Officer.** The function of the special hearing officer shall be that of presiding officer of a special hearing committee during a hearing with the following authority:

- (a) To make all rulings on matters relating to the conduct of the hearing, including the consideration of evidence;
- (b) To maintain order, and the special hearing officer may exclude anyone who refuses to be orderly;
- (c) To recognize witnesses for the purpose of giving testimony during which the special hearing officer may also question witnesses;
- (d) To make such rulings on procedure deemed appropriate so long as not inconsistent with the applicable procedures established in this chapter;
- (e) To act as general advisor to the special hearing committee, but shall have no voting authority;
- (f) To prepare, at the conclusion of the hearing, a written report which shall contain, as to the person charged, the following:
  - 1. Findings of fact as determined by the special hearing officer together with a determination that the person charged did or did not commit the act or acts charged.
  - 2. A finding that the act or acts did or did not constitute one or more of the causes for discipline or suspension or termination for cause established in this Code or other applicable stated prohibition, policy, procedure, rule, regulation or bylaw of a System institution.
  - 3. Such further information as the special hearing officer may consider appropriate.

The special hearing officer's report shall be prepared and submitted to the president, with copies to each member of the special hearing committee, the person charged and the administrative officer, within a reasonable time after the conclusion of the hearing.

**6.11.3 Appointment of the Special Hearing Committee.**

- (a) A faculty-hearing panel, composed of at least 15 faculty members, shall be selected by the Faculty Senate of each System institution. Both academic faculty and administrators shall be eligible to serve. The members of the faculty-hearing panel shall serve one-year terms and upon agreeing to serve shall commit themselves in writing to serve on a special hearing committee when needed. System institution administrators are obligated by the provisions of this subsection to grant special hearing committee members administrative leave or other assistance necessary to enable them to fulfill their responsibilities as members of special hearing

committees. This might require providing teaching assistance from classes or other administrative relief from assigned duties.

- (b) Except as provided in subparagraph (c) below, within five (5) calendar days after receipt from the president of notice of the president's decision to hold a hearing under Section 6.11 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, the faculty senate chair shall select the names of nine persons from among the faculty hearing panel, the selection to be made by lot, to serve on a special hearing committee and the faculty senate chair, within the time period set forth in this paragraph, shall inform the person charged and the administrative officer of the names of the persons selected.
- (c) If a hearing is to be held on a charge or charges of sexual harassment under Subsection 6.2.3 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code and if a student or graduate student is involved in the charge as an alleged victim, within five (5) calendar days after receipt of notice of the president's decision to hold a hearing under Section 6.8.3 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, the Faculty Senate chair shall select the names of eight persons from among the faculty hearing panel, the selection to be made by lot, and the appropriate student government president shall nominate three students, to serve on a special hearing committee and the Faculty Senate chair and the appropriate student government president, within the time period set forth in this paragraph, shall inform the person charged and the administrative officer of the names of the persons selected or nominated.

**6.11.4 Duties of the Special Hearing Committee.** The function of the special hearing committee shall be:

- (a) Together with the special hearing officer, to hear evidence presented at a hearing held under this chapter during which the committee members may also question witnesses; and
- (b) To make recommendations, after reviewing the report of the special hearing officer, to the president at the conclusion of a hearing for dismissal of charges or imposition of a sanction or sanctions. Such recommendations shall be in writing and shall be made by the committee within a reasonable time after reviewing the special hearing officer's report with copies sent to the person charged and the administrative officer. The full range of sanctions established by Section 6.3 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code is available.

**6.11.5 Hearings to be Recorded.** A recording will be made of the hearing and kept in the president's office for at least three (3) years before being destroyed, unless the matter is brought before the courts during which time the recording will be kept until the matter is decided in the courts. Except as provided herein or for purposes of appeal, a recording of a closed hearing shall be confidential. The person charged, on request of and at the charged person's expense may have a copy of such recording. No recording by the person charged or by other persons at the hearing will be permitted. The institution shall, at its expense, provide for a certified court reporter or certified videographer, who shall provide a transcript. A copy of the transcript and/or video shall also be made available to the person charged upon their written request and at the System institution's expense.

**6.11.6 Challenges.**

- (a) Within seven (7) calendar days after the Faculty Senate chair, and the appropriate student government president under Subsection 6.11.3(c) of



the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, has informed the person charged and the administrative officer of the identities of the persons selected from the faculty hearing panel or nominated by the student government president, the administrative officer and the person charged or the adviser of the person charged shall meet in person or by telephone to exercise, in alternate order, the peremptory challenges provided in subparagraph (c) of this subsection. The person charged or the adviser shall exercise the first peremptory challenge. Peremptory challenges not exercised at this time shall be waived. At this time, the person charged or the adviser shall also submit written challenges for cause, as provided in subparagraph (b) of this subsection. No challenge for cause may be exercised after this date.

- (b) The person charged may challenge the special hearing officer or the members of the special hearing committee for cause for the following reasons:
1. The person challenged was a participant in the event out of which the alleged prohibited conduct arose; or
  2. The person challenged bears a relationship to some party to the proceedings which may prejudice the charged person's ability to obtain a fair and impartial hearing and decision.

Within the time period set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, the person charged shall submit a written statement setting forth the allegations underlying the challenge to the administrative officer. The administrative officer shall send the written challenge to the president the same day it is received, with a copy to the person challenged. Within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of the written challenge, the president or the president's designee shall determine whether the facts present grounds for disqualification. The decision of the president shall be final. A hearing shall not be held until the challenge is decided by the president. The special hearing officer or special hearing committee members may be disqualified on their own motions.

- (c) The administrative officer and the person charged each shall have the right to challenge:
1. In the case of a hearing to be held to hear a charge of sexual harassment under Subsection 6.2.3 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code in which a student or graduate student is an alleged victim, no more than two members of the faculty hearing panel selected by lot and no more than one student government nominee without cause;
  2. In all other cases, no more than two members of the faculty hearing panel selected by lot without cause.
- (d) In cases of consolidated hearings, the persons charged shall be limited to a total of the number of challenges without cause appropriate under either subparagraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) above.
- (e) Replacements for disqualified special hearing officers shall be made by the president within five (5) calendar days after the president's decision on a challenge for cause. Replacements for disqualified special hearing committee members shall be made by lot from the faculty hearing panel or shall be nominated by the appropriate student government president as the case may be within five (5) calendar days after the president's decision on a challenge for cause. No further challenges for cause of either a special hearing officer or members of a special hearing committee shall be permitted.

- (f) The special hearing committee shall consist of five members. In the event a member is unable to serve due to unavoidable reasons or fails to appear, the administrative officer may choose to have the vacancy filled by the procedure stated in subparagraph (e) of this subsection or proceed to a hearing with the remainder of the special hearing committee, provided that the special hearing committee shall consist of no fewer than three members.

**6.11.7 Hearing and Recommendation.** A hearing shall be held and a recommendation made to the president no later than one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the filing of the complaint with the administrative officer. Upon agreement of the administrative officer and the person charged, an additional ninety (90) calendar day extension shall be granted by the special hearing officer if the person charged has the right under the Older Workers Benefits Protection Act to a time period for consideration of or cancellation of a proposed settlement agreement. When a hearing is held on a charge made under Subsection 6.2.1 (dd) through (ii) of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code, the time cannot be extended without the consent of the victim.

For the sake of convenience, the time limits for procedures specified throughout this section are summarized as follows:

- (a) The complaint is filed.
- (b) Within sixty (60) calendar days after receipt of the complaint, the administrative officer completes the investigation (see Section 6.8.2(a)). During that time period, the administrative officer shall issue a charging letter to the person charged who then has seven (7) calendar days after receipt of the charging letter to respond to it, if desired (see Section 6.8.2(b)).
- (c) Within five (5) calendar days after receipt of any written response from the person charged or within five (5) calendar days after completion of the investigation, the administrative officer makes a recommendation to the president on whether to hold a hearing or not (see Section 6.8.2(d)).
- (d) Within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of the administrative officer's recommendation, the president makes a decision on whether to hold a hearing or not and informs the administrative officer and Faculty Senate chair of the decision (see Section 6.8.2(e)).
- (e) Within five (5) calendar days after notification of the president's decision, the president shall choose a special hearing officer and the Faculty Senate chair shall choose nine names from the faculty hearing panel and each shall forward the names to the person charged and the administrative officer (see Section 6.11.1(a)).
- (f) Within seven (7) calendar days after the president and the Faculty Senate chair have forwarded the name of the special hearing officer and the names chosen from the faculty hearing panel, the administrative officer and the person charged or the adviser of the person charged meet to exercise peremptory challenges and to transmit challenges for cause (see Section 6.11.6(a)).
- (g) The same day that challenges for cause are received by the administrative hearing officer, the administrative hearing officer shall send such challenges to the president (see Section 6.11.6(b)).
- (h) Within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of challenges with cause, the president shall make a decision on the challenges (see Section 6.11.6(b)).

- (i) Within three (3) calendar days after the president's decision on challenges for cause, vacancies in the appointments of special hearing officer or members of a special hearing committee shall be filled (see Section 6.11.6(e)).
- (j) Within one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the filing of the complaint with the administrative officer, the hearing shall be held and a recommendation made to the president for action. Upon agreement of the administrative officer and the person charged, an additional ninety (90) calendar day extension shall be granted by the special hearing officer if the person charged has the right under the Older Workers Benefits Protection Act to a time period for consideration or cancellation of a proposed settlement agreement. When a hearing is held on a charge made under Subsection 6.2.1 (dd) through (ii) of the Nevada system of Higher Education Code, the time cannot be extended unless the victim consents, or if the victim is not participating in the proceedings, best efforts have been made to obtain the consent of the victim.

## Section 6.12 President's Decision

Section 6.12 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual~~-based Harassment [Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.]

**6.12.1 Options Available.** The president shall review the findings of fact and recommendations of the general hearing officer or the institutional hearing committee or, in cases heard before a special hearing officer and special hearing committee, the report of the special hearing officer and the recommendations of the special hearing committee. The president may:

- (a) Dismiss the charge;
- (b) Affirm the recommended sanction;
- (c) Impose a lesser sanction than recommended;
- (d) Impose a greater sanction than recommended; or
- (e) Order a new hearing.

**6.12.2 Decision and Notification.** The president shall reach a written decision within a reasonable time after receipt of findings of fact and recommendations from the general hearing officer or institutional hearing committee or after receipt of reports and recommendations from the special hearing officer and the special hearing committee. The president shall notify the person charged and the administrative officer of the decision. If the action taken is reduction in pay, suspension, or termination, the person charged shall either be notified by personal delivery of the decision or shall be notified by U.S. Mail, hand-delivery or by e-mail to the person's NSHE or institution e-mail address. The decision is deemed received upon hand-delivery, or as of the day it is mailed or e-mailed. If there is no appeal, the president's decision is final.

## Section 6.13 Appeals

Section 6.13 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual~~-based Harassment [Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.]

**6.13.1 Requirements for Appeals.**

- (a) Appeals from the decision of the president must be filed by the person charged within seven (7) calendar days of the receipt of the decision. The appeal must be in writing and shall be directed to the administrative officer.
- (b) The appeal must include facts that reasonably establish one or more of the following grounds for appeal, which are the only grounds for appeal:
  - 1. The procedures under which the person was charged are invalid or were not followed;
  - 2. The person charged did not have adequate opportunity to prepare and present a defense to the charges;
  - 3. The evidence presented at the hearing was not substantial enough to justify the decision;
  - 4. The sanction imposed was not in keeping with the gravity of the violation.

**6.13.2 Decision on Appeal.**

- (a) Within five (5) calendar days after receipt, the administrative officer shall direct the appeal, together with any reply the administrative officer deems necessary provided a copy of the reply is sent to the person charged, to:
  - 1. The president for reconsideration when the sanction imposed is suspension or reduction in pay or a lesser sanction.
  - 2. To the Board of Regents for action when the sanction imposed is termination.
- (b) A decision on the appeal shall be made within a reasonable time after receipt of the appeal by the president or within a reasonable time after the next Board of Regents meeting during which the appeal was considered. For applicable appeals, the appeal shall be placed on the meeting agenda of the Board of Regents as soon as is legally possible under Nevada law after receipt of the appeal. The president or the Board of Regents, as the case may be, shall give notification of the decision in the same manner as is provided in Subsection 6.12.2 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code.
- (c) The president or the Chair of the Board of Regents, as the case may be, may request a personal appearance of the person charged if the president or the Chair of the Board of Regents, as the case may be, is of the opinion that justice will be served by such appearance. The appearance of the person charged shall be limited to the issues raised by the appeal as provided in Subsection 6.13.1 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code. The person charged must be informed that an appearance is not compulsory and a nonappearance will not prejudice the appeal.
- (d) The president or the Board of Regents, as the case may be, may:
  - 1. Dismiss the charge;
  - 2. Affirm the charge;
  - 3. Impose a lesser sanction; or
  - 4. Order a new hearing.

**Section 6.14     Records**

Section 6.14 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual~~ Harassment  
[Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.]

All reports and decision reached after hearings or appeals, excluding administrative leave hearings, held under this chapter are declared to be public records subject to the provisions or exclusions of the public records laws of the *Nevada Revised Statutes* as they may be interpreted by the courts.

## **Section 6.15 Dismissed Charges**

Section 6.15 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual[-based]~~ Harassment ~~[Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.]~~

Whenever charges against a person are dismissed, all documents relating to the case will be deposited with the institution's provost or the chief academic officer where they shall be retained for a period of 7 years from the date of the dismissal, at which time they will be handled in accordance with the record retention schedule.

## **Section 6.16 Classified Employees and Research Technologists**

***Section 6.16 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX Sexual Harassment***

- (a) Employees of the System who are in the classified service of the State of Nevada shall be disciplined only under the procedures established by the *Nevada Revised Statutes*, Nevada Administrative Code, collective bargaining agreement(s), and the State of Nevada Division of Human Resource Management, *Rules for State Personnel Administration*.
- (b) Research technologists of the Desert Research Institute shall be disciplined only under the procedures established in the *DRI Technologists Manual*, as authorized by the Board of Regents.

## **Section 6.17 Lie Detector Tests**

Lie detector tests shall not be required in conjunction with System personnel proceedings nor in relation to System personnel matters.

## **Section 6.18 Applicability to Others**

In the event any person who is not a member of the System community should engage in conduct prohibited by this chapter, the *Nevada Revised Statutes*, or the Nevada Administrative Code, the president or the president's designee shall inform that person that the person is not authorized to remain on the premises owned or occupied by the System and shall direct such person to leave the premises. In the event such person fails to leave the premises after being ordered to do so, the president or the president's designee may cause such person to be ejected. Nothing herein shall be so construed as to authorize or prohibit the presence of any such person prior to such violation nor to affect such person's liability for trespass or loitering as prescribed by law.

## **Section 6.19 Resignations During Ongoing Investigations, Hearings, and Appeals**

Section 6.19 does not apply to Section 6.20, Title IX ~~Sexual[-based]~~ Harassment ~~[Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent.]~~

In the event a person against whom disciplinary proceedings have been commenced pursuant to this Chapter 6 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code resigns, in writing, from the person's employment prior to the completion of any investigation, hearing or appeal commenced before receipt of the resignation, then:

- (a) The provisions of NSHE Code Subsection 5.15.1 Resignations/Leave shall not apply. The resignation need not be accepted by the appointing authority (or designee), and shall be effective immediately. Unless otherwise mandated by law, the person submitting the resignation shall not be permitted to revoke the resignation under any circumstances.
- (b) The pending investigation, hearing, or appeal under this chapter shall immediately cease.
- (c) In cases involving unlawful discrimination or harassment, the Title IX coordinator shall take appropriate action, which may include completing the investigation to the extent reasonably practicable, in order to prevent the reoccurrence of and to remedy the effects of the alleged misconduct.
- (d) The facts and circumstances of the charge(s) may be cause for denial of an application of employment or to work as an independent contractor.

## **Section 6.20 Procedures Required When Title IX ~~Sexual[-based]~~ Harassment ~~[Involving a Student as Either a Complainant or Respondent]~~ is Alleged**

As stated in Section 6.1.1, procedures required for allegations of ~~sexual[-based]~~ harassment under Title IX ~~[involving a student as either a complainant or respondent]~~, including allegations of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, are set forth in Section 6.20. In the event allegations of misconduct include allegations of Title IX ~~sexual[-based]~~ harassment ~~[involving a student as either a complainant or respondent]~~, as well as allegations of other misconduct, all the allegations will be handled in accordance with the provisions of Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)~~[(6)]~~ of the NSHE *Handbook* and cross-referenced in this Section 6.20.

### **6.20.1 Complaint Procedures for Title IX ~~Sexual[-based]~~ Harassment. ~~[Where a Student is Either a Complainant or Respondent.]~~**

- (a) ~~Complaint, investigation, hearing, and sanctions p]~~ Procedures required for allegations of ~~sexual[-based]~~ harassment under Title IX ~~[involving a student as either a complainant or respondent]~~, including allegations of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, are set forth in Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)~~[(6)]~~ of the NSHE *Handbook*. These procedures are established in accordance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and its implementing regulations (20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq.; 34 C.F.R. Part 106.46). [

~~(b) The provisions governing definitions, requirements for the institution's response to complaints, general complaint process requirements, confidentiality, informal resolution, supportive measures and remedies, false reports, amnesty for reports under certain circumstances, retaliation, relationship to freedom of expression, and recordkeeping requirements set forth within Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D) are also applicable to allegations of sex-based harassment under Title IX involving a student as either a complainant or respondent.]~~

#### 6.20.2 Administrative Leave.

The president of each System institution may order any non-student employee respondent to be placed on administrative leave for the interim period pending a Title IX investigation and live hearing under Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)~~[(6)]~~ of the NSHE *Handbook* and this Section 6.20 whenever the president determines that administrative leave is required in order:

- (a) To protect life, limb or property;
- (b) To ensure the maintenance of order; or
- (c) To remove a person from the Nevada System of Higher Education community when an act of Title IX sexual harassment has been alleged against such person and the accuser or the accused person cannot be assigned to other duties or classes or placed elsewhere in the System institution apart from each other pending the completion of an investigation and live hearing under this Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)~~[(6)]~~ of the NSHE *Handbook* and this Section 6.20.

6.20.3 Hearing. Any person placed on such administrative leave shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing with respect to the issue of the leave. The hearing on the administrative leave will be held no later than twelve (12) calendar days of the leave, unless the person placed on leave agrees to delay the hearing to a later time. The hearing shall be held under the hearing procedures established in Section 6.9, so far as can be made applicable, and by a general hearing officer as established in Section 6.10. The president's decision upon the hearing officer's recommendation shall be final. The issue shall be limited to whether the administrative leave of the individual involved should continue pending the completion of an investigation and/or live hearing under Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)~~[(6)]~~ of the NSHE *Handbook* and this Section 6.20.

6.20.4 Expulsion from Premises. Administrative leave under this section will be coupled with a withdrawal of consent by the System for the individual involved to remain on System premises whenever there is reasonable cause to believe that life, limb, property or the maintenance of order are in danger.

6.20.5 Administrative Leave Officer's Duties. The administrative leave officer, as established in Section 6.20.7, shall be responsible for presenting evidence that the administrative leave, withdrawal of consent to remain on System premises, or both, should continue pending the completion of an investigation and live hearing under Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)~~[(6)]~~ of the NSHE *Handbook* and this Section 6.20.

6.20.6 Administrative Leave With Pay. Administrative leave under this section shall be with pay and other benefits.

6.20.7 Administrative Officer.

6.20.7.1 Appointment of Administrative Leave Officer.

- (a) The president of each System institution shall appoint, on either an ad hoc or a continuing basis, a person who shall have the authority to perform the duties established for the administrative leave officer in this section 6.20. The president may assign either a staff member of the System institution, or alternatively, may engage the services of an attorney who has been a member of the State Bar of Nevada at least five years or who is otherwise qualified by professional experience in administrative law. The person so assigned to these duties shall serve in this assignment at the pleasure of the president.
- (b) It is the intent of the Board that this position shall not be used to create the basis for an on-campus staff attorney appointment that will report directly or indirectly to the institutional president. The person appointed to perform the duties of administrative leave officer shall not represent the System institution nor engage in the practice of law on behalf of the System institution, including, but not limited to, the rendering of legal advice or opinions.

6.20.7.2 Combined Duties. The president may combine the duties of the administrative leave officer with those of any other person employed by the System institution, but may not combine such administrative leave officer duties with those performed by Title IX coordinator or **Title IX hearing officers**, [~~their designee, investigators, decisionmakers, or hearing officers,~~] **or hearing committee members** under the procedures of Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)[~~(6)~~] of the NSHE *Handbook* and this Section 6.20.

6.20.8 **Independent Advisor, Attorney.**

- (a) ***The person who has been placed on administrative leave may be accompanied by one independent advisor of the person's choice, who may represent and advise the person and may present the evidence on the person's behalf at the hearing held pursuant to section 6.20.3. The person who has been placed on administrative leave must give written notice of the name and address of the independent advisor, and whether the independent advisor is an attorney, to the administrative leave officer no later than seven (7) calendar days before the time set for the administrative leave hearing. An independent advisor will not be permitted at the administrative leave hearing without such notice.***
- (b) ***Should a person who has been placed on administrative leave advise that the person will be accompanied by an attorney as an independent advisor, the administrative leave officer shall advise the General Counsel for the System institution where the person is employed, or if the person is employed by the System, shall advise the NSHE Chief General Counsel so that an attorney will be present at the hearing to represent and advise the***



***administrative leave officer and to present the evidence on behalf of the administrative leave officer.***

**POLICY PROPOSAL - HANDBOOK**

**TITLE 2, CHAPTER 10**

Rules of Conduct and Procedures for Students of the Nevada System of  
Higher Education

Additions appear in *boldface italics*; deletions are [~~stricken~~ and bracketed]

**Section 10.1 Cause**

**10.1.1 Applicability of Procedures and Sanctions.**

The procedures and sanctions established in this chapter are applicable to the resolution and determination of charges against students of the Nevada System of Higher Education for allegedly engaging in conduct prohibited by the Nevada System of Higher Education rules of conduct or by other applicable stated policies, procedures, rules, regulations or bylaws of the System institutions. Except as expressly provided in Section 10.4.12, the System institutions and professional schools may establish written policies, procedures and sanctions for the discipline of their students that may be used in lieu of the policies, procedures and sanctions of this chapter, including but not limited to the establishment of student conduct councils, subject to the prior review by the institution's general counsel and to the approval of the President of the institution.

**10.1.2 Proceedings Concurrent.**

Action under the procedures established by this chapter shall go forward regardless of other possible or pending administrative civil or criminal proceedings arising out of the same or other events.

**10.1.3 Student Defined.**

The term, "student" means any person who is or was enrolled in courses, either full-time or part-time, including correspondence study, electronic means, study abroad, or auditing, or courses offered through any institution satellite campuses or auxiliary means. Students are subject to disciplinary action for conduct that occurs during any period under this chapter's authority and jurisdiction as defined above. Students who leave the institution before a conduct matter is resolved may be prohibited from future enrollment until such time as the matter is resolved. Persons who are not officially enrolled for a particular term but who have a continuing relationship with the institution are considered "students". This includes individuals who have applied for admission to the institution or have been notified of their acceptance for admission.

**10.1.4 Rules of Conduct.**

The term, "rules of conduct" means the rules established in Section 10.2 of this chapter and includes any rules incorporated by reference in that Section.

**10.1.5 System.**

The term, "System," means the Nevada System of Higher Education.

#### **10.1.6 Charged Student.**

The term, "charged student," means the student alleged to have violated the rules of conduct.

### **Section 10.2 Cause**

#### **10.2.1 Prohibited Conduct.**

The following conduct is prohibited:

- (a) Acts of dishonesty, including but not limited to the following:
  - (1) Cheating, plagiarism, fraudulently obtaining grades, falsifying research data or results, assisting others to do the same, or other forms of academic or research dishonesty;
  - (2) Furnishing false information to any institution or System official, faculty member, or office;
  - (3) Forgery, alteration, misuse, theft, or using without permission, any institutional document or record.
- (b) Disorderly, lewd or indecent conduct, including the disruption, obstruction, or unauthorized interruption of teaching, convocations, recruiting interviews, social events, research, meetings, business and administration, disciplinary proceedings, or other institutional or System activities, including public service functions and outreach activities on or off campus, or other activities when the conduct occurs on institutional premises.
- (c) Physical abuse and/or conduct that threatens or endangers the health or safety of any member or guest of the System community.
- (d) Verbal abuse, intimidation, coercion, or bullying which is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive so as to interfere with or limit a student's ability to participate in or benefit from the educational services, activities or opportunities offered by the university.
- (e) Interference by force, threat or duress with the lawful freedom of movement of persons or vehicles on institutional premises.
- (f) Resisting or obstructing institutional or other public officials in the performance of their duties.
- (g) Failure to comply with the directions of institutional officials acting in accordance with their duties and/or failure to identify oneself to these persons when requested to do so.
- (h) Acts of physical force or disruptive acts which interfere with institutional activities, freedom of movement on the campuses, freedom for students to pursue their studies, freedom of speech, freedom to be heard, and freedom to pursue research of their own choosing.
- (i) Failure of the student to present proper credentials, student identification card, driver's license, or parking registration, to institutional officials upon their request.

- (j) Forgery, alteration, falsification or destruction of System documents or furnishing false information in documents submitted to the System.
- (k) Willful damage, destruction, defacement, theft or misappropriation of equipment or property belonging to, in the possession of, or on premises occupied by the System.
- (l) Knowing possession on any premises of the System of any firearms, explosives, dangerous chemicals or other instruments of destruction, or other dangerous weapons as defined by the laws of the State of Nevada, without the written authorization of the institutional President or the President's authorized agent.
- (m) Continued occupation of buildings, structures, grounds or premises belonging to, or occupied by, the System after having been ordered to leave by the institution's President, the President's designee, or the Chancellor.
- (n) False reporting of any emergency situation, including but not limited to, misuse of campus or System emergency notification equipment. Unauthorized tampering with, and/or accessing of, safety, security, or fire protection equipment or devices. Setting off a fire alarm for reasons other than actual fire or emergency, involvement in setting or causing any unauthorized fire in or on institution property.
- (o) The unauthorized possession, loan, modification, or distribution of keys, pass cards or institutional identification cards. Unauthorized or unlawful entry or access to institutional or System facilities, including buildings and grounds. The reproduction, manufacture or duplication of any key, pass card, institutional or System identification card or unlocking device for use on institution or System facilities or locks without proper authorization.
- (p) Abuse, unauthorized use, or theft of institutional or System computer facilities and resources, including but not limited to:
  - (1) Unauthorized entry into, or transfer of, a file to use, read, or change the contents or for any other purpose; and/or a violation of copyright laws;
  - (2) Use of another individual's identification and/or password;
  - (3) Interfering with the work of another student, faculty member or institution or System official, or with the normal operation of the institution or System Computing System; or,
  - (4) Violating the institution's Standards of Conduct for the Use of Institution's Computers.
- (q) Willfully destroying, damaging, tampering, altering, stealing, misappropriating or using without permission any System, program or file of the System.
- (r) Violation of the institution's policies and regulations governing residence in institution owned or controlled property, and access to and use of all institutional facilities, including responsibility for the conduct of guests.
- (s) Use, possession, or distribution of alcoholic beverages without authorization (except as expressly permitted by System or Institutional regulations, such as the Alcoholic Beverage Policy), or public intoxication. Alcoholic beverages may not, in any circumstances, be used by, possessed by, or provided to, any person under 21 years of age.
- (t) Use, possession, manufacturing or distribution (hereinafter "use") of marijuana, including for medical purposes; heroin; narcotics; or other

controlled substances; use or possession of any illegal and/or unauthorized drugs, prescription drugs, and drug paraphernalia or being under the influence of illegal drugs except as expressly permitted by law. Use, possession or cultivation of marijuana, including for medical purposes, on any NSHE or NSHE foundation owned or leased property, or at any NSHE sponsored or authorized activity, is expressly prohibited.

- (u) Contempt of student disciplinary proceedings including impairing or interrupting any proceeding or providing false information to institution or System officials and student hearing board members during the course of the conduct resolution process. Failure to comply with the terms of any sanction imposed in accordance with the rules of conduct.
- (v) The repeated use of obscene or abusive language in a classroom or public meeting of the System and which, if occurring in a class, is not significantly related to the teaching of the subject matter.
- (w) The use of threats or violence against a faculty member or the faculty member's family in order to secure preferential treatment for grades, loans, employment, or other service or privilege accorded by the System.
- (x) Any act of unlawful discrimination based on race, color, sex (including ~~sexual-based~~ harassment and pregnancy [or] related conditions), age (40 or older), sexual orientation, disability, whether actual or perceived by others, military status or military obligations, religion or national origin, gender identity or expression, or genetic information, or any act of employment or educational retaliation against any person who has made a complaint about such discrimination.
- (y) ~~Sexual-based~~ harassment, as defined in the regulations (34 C.F.R. Part 106) implementing Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, which is conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one of the following:
  1. An employee of a NSHE institution (including but not limited to a student employee) conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the institution on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
  2. Unwelcome conduct on the basis of sex that is so severe, [or] pervasive, and [~~subjectively and~~] objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the institution's education program or activity; or
  3. Sexual assault, as defined in 34 C.F.R. § 668.46(a) (commonly known as the Clery Act), as amended by the Violence Against Women Act, including dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking.
- (z) Sexual assault, which is the use of, or threat to use, force or violence of a sexual nature, defined as sexual assault, against any member or guest of the institutional community on institution-owned or institution controlled property or at any institution sponsored program.
- (aa) Acts of hazing. Hazing is defined as any method of initiation into or affiliation with the university, college or community college community, a student organization, a sports team, an academic association, or other group engaged in by an individual that intentionally or recklessly endangers another individual.

- (bb) Intentionally making an accusation that is false or is made with reckless disregard for the truth against any member of the System community by filing a complaint or charges under the rules of conduct or under any applicable established complaint or grievance procedures in the System.
- (cc) Willful incitement of individuals to commit any of the acts herein prohibited.
- (dd) Any other conduct that violates applicable stated prohibitions, policies, procedures, rules, or regulations of the institution or Board of Regents.
- (ee) Any act prohibited by local, state or federal law that occurs on System premises or at a System-sponsored function on or off such premises.
- (ff) Dating Violence. "Dating violence" means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- (gg) Domestic Violence. "Domestic violence" means felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.
- (hh) Stalking. "Stalking" means engaging in a course of conduct on the basis of sex directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.
- (ii) Sexual Violence. Sexual violence is a severe form of sexual harassment and refers to physical, sexual acts or attempted sexual acts perpetrated against a person's will or where a person is incapable of giving consent, including but not limited to rape, sexual assault, sexual battery, sexual coercion or similar acts in violation of state or federal law. A person may be incapable of giving consent due to the use of drugs or alcohol, age, an intellectual or other disability, or other factors, which demonstrate a lack of consent or inability to give consent.

Sexual coercion is:

1. the use of violence or threats of violence against a person or the person's family or property;
2. depriving or hindering a person in the use of any tool, implement or clothing;
3. attempting to intimidate a person by threats or force; or
4. conduct committed with the intent to compel a person to do or abstain from doing an act that the person has the right to do or abstain from doing.

In the context of sexual misconduct, coercion is the use of pressure to compel another individual to initiate or continue sexual activity against an individual's will. Coercion can include a wide range of behaviors, including intimidation, manipulation, threats, and blackmail. A person's words or conduct are

sufficient to constitute coercion if they impair another individual's freedom of will and ability to choose whether or not to engage in sexual activity. Examples of coercion include threatening to "out" someone based on sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression and threatening to harm oneself if the other party does not engage in the sexual activity.

#### **10.2.2 Institutions May Prohibit Other Conduct.**

An institution may adopt policies which prohibit other conduct not included above which are approved by the President and institution's general counsel.

### **Section 10.3 Student Conduct Officers or Coordinators.**

#### **10.3.1 Appointment of Student Conduct Officer or Coordinator .**

The President of an institution may appoint a student conduct officer or coordinator and alternate student conduct officers or coordinators to serve if the student conduct officer is unable to perform the duties of this Section for any reason.

#### **10.3.2 Training of Student Conduct Officer or Coordinator .**

Student conduct officers or coordinators at an institution or professional school must receive training approved by the institution's legal counsel.

### **Section 10.4 Allegations of Violations of the Rules of Conduct.**

Complaints alleging discrimination, ***including sexual harassment***, that do not constitute ***sexual*** [~~based~~] harassment under Title IX [~~involving a student as either a complainant or respondent,~~] are subject to the complaint and investigation procedures set forth in Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14 (C)[~~(D)(2)~~] of the NSHE Handbook. The hearing procedures and sanctions established in this Chapter 10 are applicable to the resolution and determination of such complaints.

[~~Complaint, investigation, hearing and sanctions p~~]**Procedures** required for allegations of ***sexual*** [~~based~~] harassment under Title IX [~~involving a student as either a complainant or respondent~~] including allegations of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, are set forth in Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)[~~(6)~~] of the NSHE *Handbook* and cross-referenced below at Section 10.4.12. In the event allegations of misconduct include allegations of Title IX ***sexual*** [~~based~~] harassment as well as allegations of other misconduct, all the allegations will be handled in accordance with the provisions of Section 10.4.12. The procedures for all other allegations are as follows:

#### **10.4.1 Complaints.**

Any member of the institution community may file a complaint against a student for violations of the rules of conduct. The complaint shall be prepared in writing and filed with the President or the student conduct officer. Any complaint should be submitted as soon as possible after the incident takes place.

#### **10.4.2 Investigations and Computation of Time.**

The student conduct officer, coordinator or designee may conduct an investigation to determine if the complaint has merit. At any time, the student conduct officer may determine that the best course of action to take is to informally resolve the complaint through mediation, conflict resolution, or an educational conference. Upon completion of the investigation, the student conduct officer or coordinator will deliver a letter to the student. The letter shall state the factual allegations, the charges, the student conduct officer's or coordinator's proposed informal resolution process, if not completed earlier, and a copy of this chapter.

In computing any period of time prescribed by this Chapter, the day of the act, event or default from which a designated period of time begins to run shall not be included. The last day of the time period shall be counted, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or legal State holiday, in which case the time period runs until the end of the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal State holiday.

#### **10.4.3 Informal Resolution.**

The charged student shall participate in and work with the student conduct officer or designee for an informal resolution of the complaint. At the conclusion of the successful informal resolution process, a written determination shall be signed by both the student conduct officer or coordinator, and charged student which may include any of the disciplinary sanctions described in this chapter. At any time prior to signing a written determination, the charged student has the right to request a hearing before a hearing board or hearing officer as the means to resolve the complaint.

#### **10.4.4 Failure to Reach Resolution.**

If the student conduct officer and charged student do not reach an informal resolution or if the charged student requests a hearing, then the student conduct officer or coordinator shall notify the charged student in writing that the matter will be addressed through a hearing before a student conduct board or a student conduct hearing officer. A time shall be set for a student conduct hearing to occur within a reasonable time from this notification, yet not more than twenty-five (25) calendar days from the date of the decision to proceed with formal resolution of the complaint. Maximum time limits for scheduling of student conduct hearings may be extended at the discretion of the student conduct officer or coordinator. Notice of the hearing may be given by electronic mail or by first class mail with the U.S. Postal Service with delivery confirmation to the last known address of the student or by personal delivery.

#### **10.4.5 Appointment of Hearing Boards or Hearing Officer.**

The President or designee may establish one or more student conduct hearing boards or appoint individual hearing officers. A board shall be from three to five persons. Every board shall include at least one student and at least one faculty member. All complaints shall be heard by a board unless the charged student and student conduct officer agree that the complaint may be heard by a hearing officer.

#### **10.4.6 Hearings.**

A hearing before a student conduct board or hearing officer shall be conducted under the following rules of procedure:



- (a) In student conduct hearings involving more than one charged student, the student conduct officer or coordinator, in his or her discretion, may permit the student conduct hearing concerning each charged student to be conducted either separately or jointly.
- (b) The charged student has the right to be assisted by an advisor. The advisor serves as a supporter and advisor during the conduct hearing. The charged student and the student conduct officer or coordinator are responsible for presenting his or her own information, introducing witnesses, and answering questions throughout the hearing. When a student selects an advisor, in this process the advisor has no right to speak during the hearing except to the charged student. The advisor may be an attorney. The student conduct officer or coordinator has sole discretion to allow for a delay in the hearing to allow for the scheduling conflicts of an advisor.
- (c) The charged student and student conduct officer or coordinator shall notify the opposing party of all witnesses and provide copies of all documents and records in writing that the party proposes to introduce as evidence at least five (5) calendar days prior to the hearing. The President shall issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of persons and the presentation of documents at all hearings established under this chapter upon the request of the person charged or of the student conduct officer or coordinator. Such subpoena authority shall be exercised under the authority conferred by NRS 396.323.
- (d) The charged student(s) and advisors, if any, along with the student conduct officer shall be allowed to attend the entire portion of the hearing, at which information is received, excluding the time of deliberations. Admission of any other person to the student conduct hearing shall be at the discretion of the student conduct board or hearing officer.
- (e) Witnesses will provide information to, and answer questions from, the student conduct board or hearing officer. The charged student and student conduct officer may suggest questions. These questions will be directed to the chairperson of the conduct board or the hearing officer, who will question the witnesses directly. The chairperson of the conduct board or the hearing officer will decide on the specific course of questioning and/or information sharing throughout the hearing.
- (f) All student conduct boards, hearing officers, or student conduct officers, may accommodate concerns for personal safety, well-being, and/or fears of confrontation, by the complainant, the accused, and witnesses, during the hearing or during the informal resolution process by providing the opportunity for the hearing board or student conduct officer to receive the pertinent information and conduct conversations for the resolution of the case using methods other than requiring both parties to be present in the same room at the same time. Such options include use of a visual screen, participation by videophone, closed circuit television, video conferencing, videotape, audio tape, written statement, or other means, where and as determined by the chairperson of the student conduct hearing board or hearing officer conducting the hearing.
- (g) Either party may present pertinent written statements, records, or other information to the student conduct board or hearing officer. The formal rules of evidence in court shall not apply but irrelevant or unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded.

- (h) To the extent consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (“FERPA”) the hearing, except for deliberations, shall be taped or digitally recorded. Upon request by the student, a written transcript will be provided at the student’s expense. Personally identifiable information will be removed. The record shall be the property of the institution, and will be maintained with the student’s conduct records by the student conduct officer.
- (i) Student conduct hearings shall be conducted in private, unless the charged student requests an open hearing. An open hearing must be held consistent with Subsection (f).
- (j) If a charged student, with notice, does not appear at a student conduct hearing, the information in support of the complaint shall be presented, considered, and acted upon even if the charged student is not present. Failure of the student to appear is not evidence that the student was responsible for the charge of misconduct.
- (k) The hearing will proceed according to the institution’s schedule and will not be delayed by another process off campus.
- (l) The chairperson of the student conduct board or the hearing officer decides procedural questions.
- (m) The members of the student conduct board or the hearing officer deliberates in closed session after the hearing has concluded, and shall determine whether or not the charged student has violated each Section of the rules of conduct that the student is charged with having violated. This determination is made through consensus when possible, and if not possible, then by a simple majority vote of the board members.
- (n) The student conduct board or hearing officer’s determination shall be made on the basis of whether it is more likely than not that the charged student violated the rules of conduct.
- (o) If the charged student is found not to have violated the rules of conduct, then the hearing is concluded. If the charged student is found to have violated the rules of conduct, then the student conduct board or hearing officer will discuss possible sanctions for the student after being informed of the student’s disciplinary record with the institution.
- (p) The student conduct board chairperson or the hearing officer will provide the board’s decision on the violation and, if appropriate, for sanctions to the student conduct officer or coordinator and to the student. This written decision will be served within seven (7) calendar days of the conclusion of the hearing. The written decision may be served by electronic mail or by first class mail with the U.S. Postal Service with delivery confirmation to the last known address of the student or by personal delivery. Service is complete upon sending of the email or depositing with the U.S. Postal Service.
- (q) With respect to an institutional disciplinary action alleging sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking offense, the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, 20 U.S.C. §1092 (f). 34 CFR 668.46 (Clery Act) requires that the complainant and respondent must be informed simultaneously of the outcome.

#### **10.4.7 Appeals.**

A student who is aggrieved by the decision of a student conduct hearing board or hearing officer may appeal to a vice president designated by the President or the

President may decide to hear the appeal. The appeal shall be in writing and delivered to the student conduct officer within seven (7) calendar days of the student's receipt of the decision. The student's appeal must include all written arguments in support of the appeal.

- (a) The only grounds for an appeal are:
  - (1) Deviations from procedures set forth which results in significant prejudice.
  - (2) The decision reached regarding the charged student was not based on a decision that it was more likely than not that the charged student violated the rules of conduct.
  - (3) The sanction(s) imposed were not appropriate for the violation of the rules of conduct which the student was found to have committed.
- (b) The student conduct officer or coordinator shall review the appeal and direct it, along with the recording of the hearing, any written evidence and arguments, and decision to the vice president designated by the President to hear the appeal within fourteen (14) calendar days of receiving the appeal. With the record, the student conduct officer or coordinator shall file written arguments in opposition to the appeal.
- (c) The designated vice president shall review the recording of the hearing and the complaint, and decision, along with any information and evidence that was part of the decision-making of the conduct case, and will decide whether or not the appeal should be upheld. The designated vice president may uphold the decision, may refer the case back to the original board or hearing officer or may order a new hearing before a new board or hearing officer.
- (d) The decision of the vice president shall be in writing and served upon the student and student conduct officer or coordinator within thirty (30) calendar days of the receipt of the decision and record of the hearing by the vice president. The vice president may extend the time limit of this Section by written notice to the parties.
- (e) Any sanction against the student shall not take effect until any appeal is concluded.
- (f) The student conduct officer or coordinator may suspend any time limits contained in this chapter during winter or summer breaks.

#### **10.4.8 Sanctions and Expunging the Record.**

The student conduct officer or designee will be responsible for monitoring the student in successfully carrying out the sanctions imposed as the result of a hearing or the final determination of the informal resolution process. Unless the student conduct officer otherwise states in writing, any final action resulting from a disciplinary hearing or the informal resolution process shall become part of the student's disciplinary record. Other than institutional expulsion or withholding of a degree, disciplinary sanctions shall not be made part of the student's permanent academic record, but shall become part of the student's disciplinary record. Upon graduation, the student's disciplinary record may be expunged of disciplinary actions other than residence hall expulsion, institution suspension, institution expulsion, or withholding of a degree, upon application to the student conduct officer or coordinator and approval by the President. A student may request that his or her disciplinary record be expunged and any such notation be removed from the student's transcript during the student's

semester before graduation or any time following graduation. The burden demonstrating reasonable cause for considering the expunging of a disciplinary record lies with the student. In considering such requests, the institution may consider the:

- (a) Stated reason for request and circumstances surrounding the request;
- (b) Date and seriousness of the violation;
- (c) Student's behavior and disciplinary record since the violation, including successful completion of any imposed sanctions;
- (d) The impact, if any, on the public that failure to give such notice may cause; and
- (e) Consequences of denying the request.

The grant or denial of a request to expunge a student's disciplinary record shall rest solely within the discretion of the institution, and the enumeration of the foregoing factors shall not in any way imply a duty on the institution to grant such a request by means of a balancing or other test. If a request is not granted, the student at yearly intervals thereafter may request that his or her disciplinary record be expunged. The denial of a request to expunge is not appealable.

#### **10.4.9 Sanctions.**

The following are the disciplinary sanctions that may be imposed on a student found to have violated the rules of conduct. More than one sanction may be imposed.

- (a) Warning. A notice, oral or written, that the student has violated the rules of conduct.
- (b) Reprimand. A written reprimand for violation of specified regulations.
- (c) Restitution. Compensation for loss, damage, theft or misappropriation of property, or injuries sustained in an incident of student misconduct. This may take the form of appropriate service, monetary, or material replacement or a combination of these.
- (d) Probation. Probation consists of a designated period of time and includes the probability of more severe disciplinary sanctions if the student is found to have violated any institutional regulation(s) during the probationary period.
- (e) Loss of Privileges. Denial of specified privileges for a designated period of time. This may include denying the student access to any campus, site, or building while permitting the student to enroll in off-campus classes such as internet or correspondence classes.
- (f) Discretionary and Educational Sanctions. Participation in specific educational programs, such as alcohol or other drug educational intervention conferences, assessments, educational activities, including on-line instructional workshops, and work assignments or service to the institution or the community, and other related discretionary assignments.
- (g) Residence Hall Suspension. Separation of the student from the residence halls for a period of time, after which the student is eligible to return. The minimum period of suspension is one semester and the maximum period is two semesters. Conditions for readmission may be specified in the suspension.
- (h) Residence Hall Permanent License Cancellation. Permanent separation of the student from the residence halls.
- (i) Withholding of a Degree. Prior to the awarding of a degree, the institution may withhold a degree from a student.

- (j) Institutional Suspension. Exclusion for a definite period of time from attending classes and from participating in other activities of the System, as set forth in a written notice to the student. The official transcript of the student shall be marked —DISCIPLINARY SUSPENSION EFFECTIVE \_\_\_\_TO \_\_\_\_\_. The parents or legal guardians of minor students shall be notified of the action.

A student who is enrolled in his or her last semester before graduation or is not currently enrolled in the System and who was not registered during the previous semester or who graduated at the end of the previous semester may request that the notation of the disciplinary suspension be removed from the official transcript when two years have elapsed since the expiration of the student's suspension. Such request must be submitted in writing to the President or his designee. If the request is not granted, the student at yearly intervals thereafter may submit a request for removal of the notation.

- (k) Deferred Institutional Suspension. Deferred separation of the student from the institution until the close of the current semester or some other time frame for review of student progress in addressing the conduct matter.
- (l) Institutional Expulsion. Termination of student registration and status for an indefinite period of time. Permission of the President shall be required for readmission. The official transcript of the student shall be marked —DISCIPLINARY EXPULSION EFFECTIVE \_\_\_\_\_. The parents or legal guardians of minor students shall be notified of the action.

A student who is enrolled in his or her last semester before graduation or is not currently enrolled in the System and who was not registered during the previous semester or who graduated at the end of the previous semester may request that the notation of the disciplinary expulsion be removed from the official transcript when four years have elapsed since the expiration of the student's expulsion or termination. Such request must be submitted in writing to the President or designee. If the request is not granted, the student at yearly intervals thereafter may submit a request for removal of the notation.

#### **10.4.10 Emergency Removal.**

The President, the student conduct officer, or coordinator may impose an immediate emergency removal (hereafter, "removal") prior to the resolution of a charge of violation of the rules of conduct on the charged student. This removal includes the immediate exclusion from the institution and all of the institution's campuses, sites, locations, and property of a student for an interim period whenever the President determines that this is required to:

- (a) Ensure the safety and well-being of members of the institution's community;
- (b) Protect institution property;
- (c) Prevent the student from posing an ongoing threat of disruption of, or interference with, the normal operations of the institution; or
- (d) Protect any student from discrimination, including sexual harassment or retaliation for the report of discrimination, including sexual harassment.

#### **10.4.11 Conditions of Emergency Removal and Hearing.**

- (a) When an emergency removal is imposed, the charged student shall be denied access to the institution, including classes and all other institutional activities or privileges for which the student might otherwise be eligible, as the President, the

student conduct officer, or coordinator may determine to be appropriate. During the time of the removal from the institution, the student may not come onto institutional property for any reason other than meeting with the appropriate official(s) regarding resolution of the emergency removal and the student conduct violation. The student conduct officer or coordinator may permit the student to participate in distance learning classes that do not include entering onto institutional property and provide adequate protections to prevent any of the conditions of (a), (b), (c) or (d), above, from occurring. Any student so removed shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing on the emergency removal no later than fourteen (14) calendar days following the removal unless the student agrees to delay the hearing to a later time. A hearing officer shall hold the hearing under the hearing procedures of the rules of conduct where those may be applicable. The student conduct hearing officer or coordinator shall make a recommendation to the President. The President's decision upon the hearing officer's recommendation shall be final. The removal does not replace the regular disciplinary process, which shall proceed under this chapter.

- (b) Interim measures as described in NSHE *Handbook*, Title 4, Chapter 8, Section ~~14~~~~(13)~~(B), except for emergency removal of the student, may be implemented without a hearing and are not subject to any grievance procedure.

#### **10.4.12 Procedures Required when Title IX Sexual[-based] Harassment [Involving a Student as either a Complainant or Respondent] is Alleged.**

- ~~(a) Complaint, investigation, hearing, and sanctions p]~~ **Procedures** required for allegations of ~~sexual[-based]~~ harassment under Title IX, ~~[involving a student as either a complainant or respondent,]~~ including allegations of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, are set forth in Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D)~~[(6)]~~ of the NSHE *Handbook*. These procedures are established in accordance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and its implementing regulations (20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq.; 34 C.F.R. Part 106.46).
- ~~(b) The provisions governing definitions, requirements for the institution's response to complaints, general complaint process requirements, confidentiality, informal resolution, supportive measures and remedies, false reports, amnesty for reports under certain circumstances, retaliation relationship to freedom of expression, and recordkeeping requirements set forth within Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14(D) are also applicable to allegations of sex[-based] harassment under Title IX involving a student as either a complainant or respondent].~~

#### **10.4.13 Board of Regents Policy Against Unlawful Discrimination and Unlawful Harassment.**

The Board of Regents policy against unlawful discrimination and harassment is set forth in Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 14 of the Board of Regents' *Handbook*.

#### **10.4.14 Withdrawal of Student from Institution During Ongoing Investigations, Hearings, and Appeals.**

In the event a student against whom disciplinary proceedings have been commenced pursuant to this Chapter 10 of the Nevada System of Higher Education

Code withdraws from the institution prior to the completion of any investigation, hearing or appeal commenced before receipt of the withdrawal, then:

- a. The withdrawal shall be effective immediately. Unless otherwise mandated by law, the person submitting the withdrawal shall not be permitted to revoke the resignation under any circumstances.
- b. The pending investigation, hearing, or appeal shall immediately cease.
- c. In cases involving sex discrimination, including **Title IX** ~~sexual[-based]~~ harassment, the Title IX coordinator shall take appropriate action, which may include completing the investigation to the extent reasonably practicable, in order to prevent the reoccurrence of and to remedy the effects of the alleged misconduct.
- d. The facts and circumstances of the charge(s) may be cause for denial of readmission, denial of an application of employment or denial of work as an independent contractor.